#### OceanSDS by ACSP

**AWS Deployment Guide**

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# OceanSDS

This document outlines the OceanSDS available in the Amazon AWS Marketplace, as well as the steps to deploy an image into a subscription.

The images are compatible with the Ubuntu operating system.

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# OceanSDS tiers

There are three tiers available based on the following storage and performance requirements: Tier 1, Tier 2, and Tier 3.

## OceanSDS Tier 1

The following are the recommended virtual machine (VM) Instances that have been been validated for Tier 1. Tier1 Edition image can scale to a maximum capacity of 40TB.

###### Table 1: Recommended VM Instances for Tier 1

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Series** | **Size** | **vCPU** | **Memory (GiB)** | **Instance Storage (GiB)** | **Metadata disk usage (TiB)** |
| **M6i** | M6i.2xlarge | 8 | 32 | EBS-only | 1.5 |

## OceanSDS Tier 2

The following are the recommended VM Instances that have been been validated for Tier 2. Tier 2 Edition image can scale to a maximum capacity of 150 TB.

###### Table 2: Recommended VM instances for Tier 2

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Series** | **Size** | **vCPU** | **Memory: GiB** | **Instance Storage (GiB)** | **Metadata disk usage** |
| **M6i** | M6i.2xlarge | 8 | 32 | EBS-only | 8 |
|  | M6i.4xlarge | 16 | 64 |  |  |

## OceanSDS Tier 3

The following are the recommended VM Instances that have been been validated for Tier 3. Tier3 Edition image can scale to a maximum capacity of 360 TB.

###### Table 3: Recommended VM instances for Tier 3

###### Series Size vCPU Memory: GiB Metadata disk usage

**M6i** M6i.8xlarge 128 EBS-only 18

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# Deployment

The steps below describe the process to deploy a OceanSDS virtual machine (VM) from the AWS Marketplace. For clarity, the procedure is subdivided into the sections below:

* Prerequisite
* Deploying the image
* Port usage

## Prerequisite

The following procedures assume that you have a AWS storage account and that you are familiar with AWS Marketplace and the AWS user interface. We recommend configuring private endpoint for the AWS storage account to be used for blob storage for object direct deployments. For optimal performance, the storage account and the OceanSDS instance reside in the same region.

For guidance on dealing with AWS Service Limits, refer to this documentation: https://docs.aws.amazon.com/general/latest/gr/aws\_service\_limits.html.

## Deploying the image

In AWS Marketplace, complete the following steps.

##### To deploy the image

1. Log in to your AWS account.
2. Navigate to the OceanSDS https://aws.amazon.com/marketplace/seller-profile?id=55447930- 653f-4592-9bb6-8a420a580d71, and then click **OceanSDS**
3. On the product page, click **Continue to Subscribe**.
4. On the Subscribe page, click **Continue to Configuration**.
5. On the Configure page, select your fulfillment option and region, and then click **Continue to Launch**.
6. On the Launch page, In the Choose Action drop-down, select **Launch through EC2.**
7. On the **Choose Instance Type** tab, based on your storage requirements select the OceanSDS instance type from Tier 1, Tier 2, and Tier 3.
8. On the Configure Instance tab, under User data, select **As text** and enter the following details:

Cloud-container: <S3\_Bucketname>

Connection-string: “accesskey=<>;secretkey=<>:region=<>:loglevel=Warn”

1. Leave the remaining tabs with the default entries, and then click **Review and Launch.**
2. In the pop-up window, either select and existing key pair or create a new key pair, select the acknowledgement, and then click **Launch Instances**.

 **NOTE:** Password-based login is disabled by default. The initial login to the OceanSDS instance must be through SSH.

After the OceanSDS instance deploys, take note of the public DNS name and login with the default user “ec2-user” using the previously selected private SSH key pair.

On the Linux Client, use the following command:

ssh -i /path/my-key-pair.pem ec2-user@my-instance-public-dns-name

For more information about connecting to a Linux instance, see https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSEC2/latest/UserGuide/AccessingInstancesLinux.html.

## Port usage

OceanSDS uses certain ports for the services mentioned in the following table. The table also mentions the recommended network group settings (NSG) in AWS for each of the ports. Please refer to the next section for instructions on how to change the default/recommended NSG settings.

###### Table 4: Port functions and settings

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Component / Function** | **Ports used** | **Protocol** | **Details** | **Default Network Security Group setting in AWS** |
| SSH | 22 | TCP | SSH uses port 22. We recommend keeping this port open to enable secure connections within and from outside OceanSDS | 22: ENABLE |
| UI | 5233 | TCP | OceanSDS uses 5233 for HTTPS connections (and not 443). Since this connection is secure, the port remains open in default NSG settings for all incoming traffic. | 5233: ENABLE |
| Object (S3) | 9000 | TCP | Object container uses port 9000 for data transfer. By default, NSG disables port 9000. However, to use Object container, enable the port in NSG. | 9000: DISABLE |
| Secure Connect | 9443 | ANY | Port used by secure connect. Secure connect is enabled by default and we recommend keeping this port open in NSG settings. | 9443: ENABLE |

### Configuring AWS Network Security Group settings

The settings for enabling or disabling the Network Security Group (NSG) settings are available in AWS using the following instructions.

##### To configure AWS Network Security Group settings

1 In AWS console, find “Services” and click **Network security groups**.

1. Click the NSG name you want to modify. This is the same NSG that is deployed with the AWS Marketplace image of OceanSDS

 **NOTE:** Any modification to this NSG will change the default settlings recommended by OceanSDS

1. After you click the NSG name, a settings page like the one in the following image shows where you can modify the network settings.
2. When opening an additional port, to add inbound rules for that specific port, click **Inbound security rules**

on the left side, and then click the **Add** tab on the top side of the page. The following dialog opens.

1. On this dialog, you can add rules that open other ports. For example, if Object container is enabled, then the corresponding port – 9000 per the table in earlier section – needs to be open. In that case, complete the following options:

###### Table 5: Add inbound security rule options

**Description**

**Option**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Source | Select an IP or an AWS NSG. If the port can be used from any external interface, select **Any**. |
| Source port ranges | Select a port range on the specified source. To select any range, select **\***. |
| Destination | Leave as the default selection, **Any**. |
| Service | Leave as the default selection, **Custom**. |
| Destination port ranges | (Required) Enter **9000** for this port. |
| Protocol | Select **TCP**. |
| Action | Select **Allow**. |
| Priority | Select an appropriate priority.The rules execute by priority, with the lowest number representing the highest priority. When selecting priorities, leave spaces between the numbers so that you can insert new priorities later. |
| Name | Enter an appropriate name for this rule; for example, ObjectServer\_9000, which highlights the port number and the functionality.Add a description as needed. |

1. Click **Add**.

The NSG Inbound rules will look like the following example.

You can add rules as needed for corresponding functionality. For enabling multiple ports, NSG allows port ranges and comma-separated lists of ports so that multiple ports can be enabled as part of one rule.

However, the Marketplace offer configuration does not allow for ranges or comma-separated ports, so a Marketplace image’s NSG template might mention each port number as a separate rule in such cases.